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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/087,975	03/01/2002	Yakov Kamen	007287.00037	9048
22907 BANNER & W	7590 11/04/201 ¹ TTCOFF, LTD.	EXAMINER		
1100 13th STR		PENG, FRED H		
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			2426	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/087,975	KAMEN ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		FRED PENG	2426			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 A	uaust 2010				
-	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
- ,—	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)🖂	1)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4, 10-13, 19-22 and 25-40</u> is/are pending in the application.					
·	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)🖂	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4,10-13,19-22,25-28,30-33 and 35-40</u> is/are rejected.					
7)🛛	Claim(s) 29 and 34 is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	ır.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>30 August 2010</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
·	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some coll None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
3) 🔯 Infor	Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application Paper No(s)/Mail Date 06/08/10. Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office Action is in response to an AMENDMENT entered 08/30/2010.

2. The Non-Final Office Action of 04/28/2010 is fully incorporated into this Final Office Action by reference.

Status of Claims

3. Claims 1-4, 10-13, 19-22 and 25-40 are pending in this application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-4, 10-13, 19-22 and 25-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Saib et al (US 2001/0005905) in view of Griesau et al (US 6,507,306).

Regarding Claims 1, 10 and 19, Saib discloses an apparatus (FIG.2) with corresponding method and computer-readable medium (FIG.2, -37) comprising:

a processor (FIG.2, -29) having a memory (37) coupled thereto, the memory having stored thereon executable instructions which, when executed by the processor, cause the processor to perform a method comprising:

receiving at a multimedia presentation device controller an indication of a depression of a channel selection button (FIG.3, 302);

receiving an indication of an ending of the depression of the channel selection button (304; decision making is based on indication of an ending);

evaluating a depression duration of the channel selection button (304; decision making is evaluating a depression duration); and

performing one of a plurality of functions associated with the channel selection button, wherein the function performed is based upon the depression duration (FIG.3, 306, 308, 310, 312; Para 6 lines 1-2; Para 32 lines 1-5; Para 28 lines 1-8).

Saib discloses a designated Jump button to perform the function based upon the depression duration but not a generic number button.

In an analogous art, Griesau discloses a key or a button in a universal remote controller can be programmed for more than a function in addition to its normal usage to simplify the operation of universal remote control unit and desirably reduce the number of push button presses (Col 5 lines 25-45).

Therefore, a person of ordinary skill in the art would have had good reason to pursue the known options of programming existing generic buttons such as numerical keys to provide extra functions without major modifications of the existing design to save time and cost. It would require no more than "ordinary skill and common sense" to program any key including numerical keys as an option to provide additional functions as a operation need warrants it; thereby facilitate operation flexibility.

Regarding Claims 2, 11 and 20, Saib further discloses evaluating the depression duration comprises:

determining depression of button; periodically incrementing a counter during the depression duration; and evaluating the counter value, upon termination of the depression of a button (Para 28 lines 1-3; Para 31 lines 6-10; Para 28 lines 5-7; Para 28 lines 8-12; The CPU acting as a computer function is inherent to perform the counter functionality and evaluate the value).

Regarding Claims 3, 4, 12, 13, 21 and 22, Saib further discloses the plurality of functions affect a favorite channel list, wherein a plurality of channels favorites are positioned in the list non-sequentially (channel is randomly selected and is positioned non-sequentially), wherein the functions affecting the favorite channel list include one or more of accessing, updating, programming and last channel (Para 36 lines 7-10; Para 37 lines 1-3; Para 6 lines 5-13; Para 5 lines 2-6).

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Regarding Claims 25, 26 and 27, Saib inherently discloses selection of channels based on the number keys from a remote control (press "3" button on the remote will select channel 3).

5. Claims 28, 33 and 38-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Saib et al (US 2001/0005905) in view of Shaffer et al (US 7,181,027).

Regarding Claims 28, 33 and 38, Saib discloses a device controller (FIG.2) with corresponding method and computer-readable medium (FIG.2, -37) comprising:

a processor (FIG.2, -29) having a memory (37) coupled thereto, the memory having stored thereon executable instructions which, when executed by the processor, cause the processor to perform a method comprising:

receiving an indication of a depression of a button on the device controller; receiving an indication of an ending of the depression of the button;

evaluating a depression duration of the button and classifying the depression duration into two ranges, wherein a first depression duration range is associated with a first function on the device controller, a second depression duration range is associated with a second function on the device controller, and performing the function associated with the depression duration range of the button on the device controller (FIG.3; Para 6 lines 1-2; Para 32 lines 1-5; Para 28 lines 1-8).

Saib discloses a duration threshold to determine a first and second functions but is silent about a third depression duration range is associated with a third function on the device controller.

In an analogous art, Shaffer discloses a first time duration threshold to detect a user's speech and a second time duration threshold, the third duration range to detect the end of the speech (FIG.4; Col 8 lines 59-64).

Therefore, a person of ordinary skill in the art would have had good reason to pursue the known options of further specifying additional duration range for more functions based on design needs. It would require no more than "ordinary skill and common sense" to add an additional range if the circumstance for more functions arises.

Regarding Claims 39 and 40, Shaffer discloses specifying multiple duration ranges for different functions but is not explicit about the fourth range. However, a person of ordinary skill in the art would have had good reason to pursue the known options of further specifying additional duration range for more functions based on design needs. It would require no more than "ordinary skill and common sense" to add an additional range if the circumstance arises for more functions.

6. Claims 30 and 35 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Saib et al (US 2001/0005905) and Shaffer(US 7,181,027) as applied to claims 28 and 33 above, and further in view of Griesau et al (US 6,507,306).

Regarding Claims 30 and 35, Saib discloses a jump key (channel up) with the first depression duration range to tune a different channel (Para 33) but is silent about the second depression duration associated with a function for changing an operating mode of the multimedia presentation device.

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In an analogous art, Griesau discloses programming specific keys the second depression duration (predertermined amount of time) for changing an operating mode of the multimedia presentation device (Col 4 lines 49-62).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Saib's system to include programming specific keys like channel up or down buttons associated with a function for changing an operating mode of the multimedia presentation device, as taught by Griesau so additional function can be achieved with the same key.

7. Claims 31 and 36 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Saib et al (US 2001/0005905) and Shaffer (US 7,181,027) as applied to claims 28 and 33 above, and further in view of Coleman et al (US 5,844,620).

Regarding Claims 31 and 36, Saib discloses more than one function can be implemented in a single button based on the depress duration. Saib further discloses a jump function to jump back to the previously viewed channels but not specifically about the latest channels.

In an analogous art, Coleman discloses a last channel button function allow viewers to view the latest ten viewed channels (Col 23 lines 1-7).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the combined system of Saib and Shaffer to include viewing the last latest viewed channels, as taught by Coleman with a single key stroke to improve the overall reliability of the remote controller usage with less key strokes.

8. Claims 32 and 37 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Saib et al (US 2001/0005905) and Shaffer(US 7,181,027) as applied to claims 28 and 33 above, and further in view of Look et al (US 6,757,906).

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Regarding Claims 32 and 37, Saib and Shaffer are silent about displaying a progress bar related to the depression duration.

In an analogous art, Look discloses a progress bar related to a program duration (FIG.26).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Saib's system to include a progress bar related to the process duration, as taught by Look as an added convenient tool to guide the users.

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments filed 08/30/2010 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In reference to Applicant's arguments

Since neither cited reference teaches or suggests evaluating a depression duration of a channel selection button corresponding to a number button (0-9), or performing one of a plurality of different functions based on the depression duration of a channel selection button corresponding to a number button (0-9), the Office Action then alleges, "a person of ordinary skill in the art would have had good reason to pursue the known options of programming existing generic buttons such as numeric keys to provide extra functions with major modifications of the existing design to save time and cost." Notwithstanding this conclusory statement, the Office Action provides no explicit reasoning why the additional recited features, which are not taught or suggested by either Saib or Griesau, would have been obvious, and does not identify any portion of either reference that suggests the proposed modification. Clearly, the Office Action is engaging in impermissible hindsight by simply reciting benefits of the Applicants' own invention.

Examiner's response

The Examiner respectfully disagrees. Saib teaches the jump function of a jump key based on the depression duration of the key. Griesau further teaches a universal remote control which is able to program a key, for instance, a power key, with additional functions in addition to

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its normal function to transmit a plurality of functions that simply the operation of the universal remote control and desirably reduce the number of push button presses (Col 5 lines 25-31).

Thus, Griesau in view of the previous disclosure suggests that any key including a numerical key can be programmed to perform beyond its original function with additional functions that simply the operation of the universal remote control. Therefore, it would require no more than an ordinary skill and common sense to program any key including generic numerical keys, as desired by the user, to perform additional functions, thus more flexibility can be obtained for the users without major modification.

In reference to Applicant's arguments

However, the Office Action then alleges that Shaffer teaches three duration ranges associated with three functions at FIG. 4 and col. 8, lines 59-64. Applicants disagree. First, the alleged duration ranges of Shaffer are not "depression duration" ranges as recited in claims 28, 33, and 38. Rather, Shaffer's duration ranges relate to the amount of time that audio input is being detected at a microphone (FIG. 4; col. 9, line 51 - col. 10, line 46). Secondly, none of the alleged functions performed by Shaffer is a "function on [a] multimedia presentation device controller," as recited by claims 28, 33, and 38. In fact, Shaffer does not disclose or relate to multimedia device controllers at all, but describes a noise suppression technique for use in communication systems. (Abstract). ... Although multiple durations are described in relation to system performance, Shaffer does not disclose an alleged "third function" that is performed based on a third duration range.

Examiner's response

Even though the third duration range taught by Shaffer is not intended to be applied to the same function as implied by the instant application; it would require no more than an ordinary skill and common sense to apply the same principles of additional duration range to the teaching of Saib, first and second duration ranges, to extend more functions.

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Allowable Subject Matter

10. Claims 29 and 34 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

- 11. Claims 1-4, 10-13, 19-22, 25-28, 30-33 and 35-40 are rejected.
- 12. Claims 29 and 34 are objected.

13. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Correspondence Information

14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to FRED PENG whose telephone number is (571)270-1147. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 09:30-19:30.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Joseph Hirl can be reached on (571) 272-3685. The fax phone number for the organization where this

application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

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either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through

Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC)

at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative

or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-

1000.

/Fred Peng/

Examiner, Art Unit 2426

/Joseph P. Hirl/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2426

November 2, 2010